

- The EU food system provides enough and safe food with wide choice, but is not sustainable
- Challenges include increasing world population, climate change, diet-related diseases, depletion of natural resources and geo-political shocks
- 'Business as usual' not a viable option as it will endanger natural resources, our health, the climate and the economy

What is a sustainable food system?

A food system that ensures environmental, social and economic sustainability



Goal: to achieve an inclusive, fair and timely transition to a sustainable food system

Recommendations



Drive a **step-wise, learning-focused**, policy transformation on global, EU, national, regional and local levels



Address **power and information asymmetries** and make the **easiest choice** for citizens sustainable



Use an iterative, responsive and adaptive **policy mix**, with **binding measures** as main drivers

Impact

The scientific opinion informs the Farm to Fork Strategy of the European Green Deal

This is a scientific opinion by

the Group of Chief Scientific Advisors,

an Independent expert group providing high-quality and timely scientific advice to the European Commission, to inform European Union policies and legislation, and informed by SAPEA evidence review reports.

Read the full report here

ec.europa.eu/research/san